Noise Monitoring Assessment

Tinda Creek Quarry Tinda Creek, NSW

April 2022



Prepared for: RW Corkery & Co Pty Limited April 2022 MAC180647-01RP5

Document Information

Noise Monitoring Assessment

Tinda Creek Quarry

Tinda Creek, NSW

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1 Introduction

Muller Acoustic Consulting Pty Ltd (MAC) has been commissioned by RW Corkery & Co Pty Limited (RWC) on behalf of Hy-Tec Industries Pty Ltd (Hy-Tec) to complete a Noise Monitoring Assessment (NMA) for the Tinda Creek Quarry, Tinda Creek, NSW (the 'project').

The monitoring has been conducted in accordance with the approved Tinda Creek Quarry Noise Management Plan and in general accordance with Conditions L3.1 and M5 of EPL#12007 (EPL).

The assessment was conducted in accordance with the following documents:

- NSW Environment Protection Authority (EPA), Noise Policy for Industry (NPI), 2017;
- Environment Protection Licence EPL#12007;
- Umwelt Pty Ltd, Tinda Creek Quarry Noise Management Plan (NMP); and
- Australian Standard AS 1055:2018 Acoustics Description and measurement of environmental noise.

The assessment was undertaken on Wednesday 13 April 2022 and forms part of the noise monitoring program to address conditions of EPL#12007 and the Noise Management Plan.

A glossary of terms, definitions and abbreviations used in this report is provided in Appendix A.





2 Noise Criteria

2.1 Attended Noise Compliance

Section L3.1 of the Tinda Creek EPL, approved on 3 March 2017, outlines the applicable noise criteria for all privately owned residential receivers surrounding the project. The operating criteria specified in the EPL at all receivers is 35dB LAeq(15min) for all periods and 45dB LAmax during the night time period. **Table 1** presents the criteria for privately owned residential receivers surrounding the project, as outlined in the EPL.

Table 1 Receiver Locations		
Receiver	All Hours	Night (10pm to 7am)
Receiver	dB(A) LAeq(15min)	dB(A) LAmax
All privately owned residences	35	45





3 Methodology

3.1 Locality

The project is located on Putty Road, Tinda Creek, NSW, approximately 67km north of Windsor, NSW. Receivers in the locality surrounding the project are primarily rural/residential. Putty Road is situated to the west of the site with the Yengo National Park bordering the site in all other directions.

3.2 Noise Monitoring Locations

Section M5.1 of the EPL specifies that noise monitoring is to be conducted for a minimum duration of one hour at the boundary of R1, (6255 Putty Road, Mellong) as detailed in Figure 6.1 of the Tinda Creek Noise Management Plan.

It should be noted that access to the property was not possible during the time of the noise measurements. Therefore, attended measurements were conducted at the boundary gate (NM1) of the property, as shown in **Figure 1**.

Following a request from the Department of Environment and Planning (DPE) on 20 January 2017, two additional near-field monitoring locations were selected to quantify project noise levels and limiting noise influence from Putty Road. The locations include a position adjacent to the dam and a second location adjacent to the main plant. The noise levels monitored at these locations were used to quantify the overall sound power of the onsite operations, which was then used to calculate the noise contribution at surrounding noise sensitive receivers (ie R2 and R3).

The three monitoring locations, their MGA 56 coordinates and duration of measurement period are outlined in **Table 2** and are presented visually in the locality plan shown in **Figure 1**.

Table 2 Receiver Locations					
Receiver ID	Receiver Location -	MGA56 Coordinates		Dunchien	Periods Monitored
Receiver ID	Receiver Location	Easting	Northing	Duration	renous Monitored
R1	6255 Putty Road	284801	6329055	1 Hour	Morning Shoulder, Day
Q1	Dam Plant	285984	6327973	15 mins	Morning Shoulder, Day
Q2	Main Plant	285991	6327885	15 mins	Morning Shoulder, Day



3.3 Assessment Methodology

All noise surveys were conducted in general accordance with the procedures described in Australian Standard AS 1055:2018, "Acoustics - Description and Measurement of Environmental Noise" and the EPL. The acoustic instrumentation used carries current NATA calibration and complies with AS IEC 61672.1-2019-Electroacoustics - Sound level meters - Specifications. Calibration of all instrumentation was checked prior to and following measurements. Drift in calibration did not exceed ±0.5dBA.

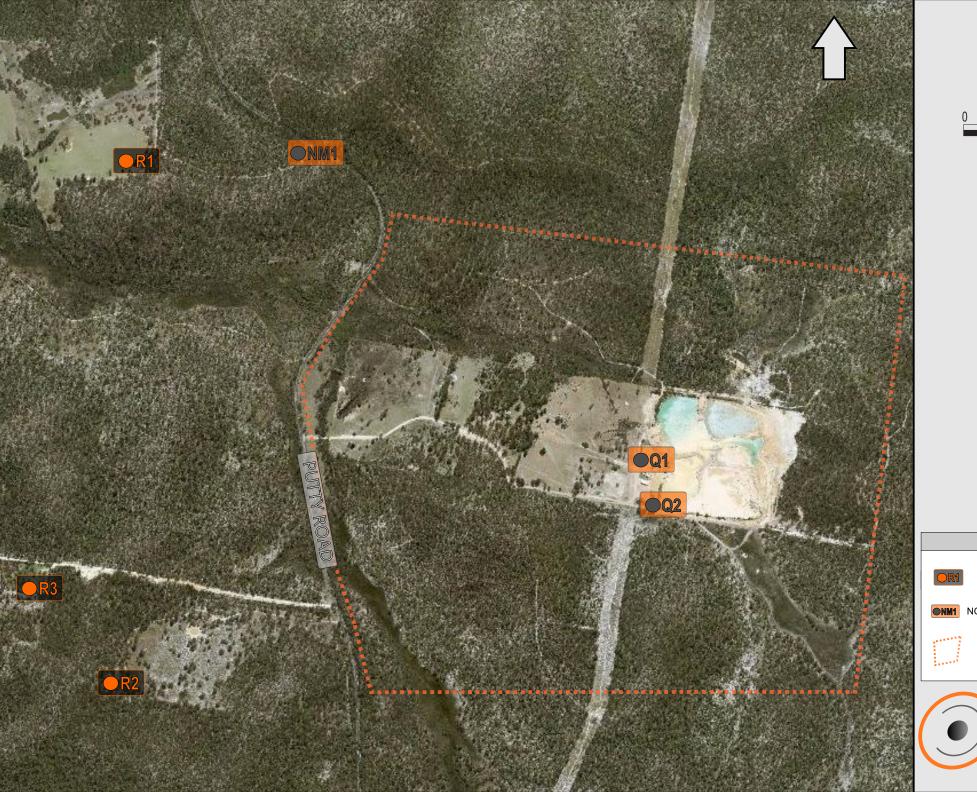
Attended noise measurements were carried out using a Svantek Type 1, 971 noise analyser on Wednesday 13 April 2022. Four noise measurements of 15 minutes in duration were conducted at NM1 (R1) monitoring location during the day and morning shoulder monitoring periods. Where possible, throughout each survey, the operator quantified the contribution of each significant noise source.

Additionally, unattended noise monitoring was conducted at nearfield locations for a period of one hour during the day and morning shoulder monitoring periods to quantify the noise emissions from the quarry. These measurements were carried out using Svantek Type 1, 977 and Svantek Type 1, 971 noise analysers.

3.4 Operational Log

Transportation activities commenced at 5.30am and work shifts including operation of processing equipment commenced at 7am on the day of the survey. Morning shoulder measurements were conducted from 6am to 7am to capture the onsite loading and transportation operations. Daytime operations commenced at approximately 7am with the daytime monitoring conducted from 7.30am to 8.30am.













4 Results

4.1 Morning Shoulder Results

Four attended noise measurements of 15-minutes in duration were completed during the morning shoulder assessment period at NM1 on Wednesday 13 April 2022. **Table 3** presents the monitored noise level contributions and observed meteorological conditions for each measurement.

Table 3 Operator-Attended Noise Survey Results – Morning Shoulder Period, Location NM1						
Data	Time (hre)	Descrip	tor (dBA re	20 µPa)	Mataaralaau	Description and CDL dDA
Date	Time (hrs)	LAmax	LAeq	LA90	Meteorology	Description and SPL, dBA
					WD: S	Birds 29-43
	06:03	83	58	23	WS: 0.3m/s	Passing traffic 33-83
					Rain: Nil	Quarry inaudible
	06:18					Birds 29-44
		89	62	22	WD: S WS: 0.2m/s	Passing traffic 35-89
					Rain: Nil	Wind turbulence 30-33
13/04/2022					Rain. Nii	Quarry operations 20-25
13/04/2022	06:33	75	42	23	WD: S	Birds 30-45
					WS: 0.1m/s	Passing traffic 36-75
					Rain: Nil	Quarry operations 20-25
						Birds 29-38
	06:48	83	60	26	WD: S	Wind turbulence 30-31
	00.40		60	20	WS: 0.1m/s Rain: Nil	Passing traffic 30-83
						Quarry inaudible
		<25				

Note 1: Day - the period from 7am to 6pm Monday to Saturday or 8am to 6pm on Sundays and public holidays; Evening - the period from 6pm to 10pm; Night - the remaining periods.

Unattended noise monitoring was completed during the morning shoulder assessment period at Q1 and Q2 on Wednesday 13 April 2022. **Table 4** presents the monitored 15-minute noise levels, noted on-site activities and meteorological conditions at the time of measurements.

Table 4 Ur	Table 4 Unattended Noise Survey Results – Morning Shoulder Period, Location Q1 and Q2						
Location	Date /	Descrip	ptor (dBA re 20 µPa)		Mataaralaay	Onsite Activities	
Location	Time (hrs)	LAmax	LAeq	LA90	Meteorology	Unsite Activities	
Q1	13/04/2022	81	69	65	WD: S	Vehicle loading	
Q2	06:30	71	57	51	WS: 0.1m/s Rain: Nil	51-81	



4.2 Day Assessment Results

Four attended noise measurements of 15-minutes in duration were completed during the day assessment period at NM1 on Wednesday 13 April 2022. **Table 5** presents the monitored noise level contributions and observed meteorological conditions for each measurement.

Table 5 Operator-Attended Noise Survey Results – Day Period, Location NM1						
Date	Time (hrs)	Descrip	tor (dBA re :	20 µPa)	Meteorology	Description and SPL, dBA
Dale	Time (firs)	LAmax	Laeq	LA90		Description and SPL, dBA
13/04/2022	07:03 07:18 07:33 07:48	LAmax 83 85 85 85	63 69	25 26 29 30	WD: S WS: 0.1m/s Rain: Nil WD: S WS: 0.1m/s Rain: Nil WD: S WS: 0.1m/s Rain: Nil WD: S WS: 0.1m/s	Birds 29-31 Passing traffic 40-83 Wind turbulence 30-32 Quarry operations 20-25 Birds 40-50 Passing traffic 35-85 Wind turbulence 30-33 Quarry operations 20-25 Birds 29-44 Passing traffic 37-85 Aircraft 30-33 Quarry inaudible Birds 29-44 Passing traffic 35-82 Wind turbulence 30-33
					Rain: Nil	Operator noise 105-106 Quarry operations 20-25
		Tinda Creek	Contributio	n		<25

Note 1: Day - the period from 7am to 6pm Monday to Saturday or 8am to 6pm on Sundays and public holidays; Evening - the period from 6pm to 10pm; Night - the remaining periods.

Unattended noise monitoring was completed during the day assessment period at Q1 and Q2 on Wednesday 13 April 2022. **Table 6** presents the monitored 15-minute noise levels, noted on-site activities and meteorological conditions at the time of measurements.

Table 6 Un	Table 6 Unattended Noise Survey Results – Day Period, Location Q1 and Q2						
Location	Date /	Descrip	Descriptor (dBA re 20 µPa)		Mataaralagu	Onsite Activities	
Location	Time (hrs)	LAmax	LAeq	LA90	Meteorology	Unsite Activities	
01	Q1 13/04/2022 07:30 Q2	74	71	60	69 WD: S	Vehicle loading	
QT		13/04/2022		09		Processing operations	
\cap 2		69	57	52	Rain: Nil	Generator noise	
QZ		69	51	52		52-74	



5 Noise Compliance Assessment

5.1 Attended Noise Monitoring Compliance Assessment

The compliance assessment summary results for R1 are presented in **Table 7** for day and morning shoulder assessment periods and compares project contributions against relevant criteria.

Table 7 Day and Morning Shoulder Noise Compliance Assessment						
Period	Quarry Noise Contribution	Quarry Noise Criteria	Compliant			
Penod	dB LAeq(15min)	dB LAeq(15min)	Compliant			
Day	<25	35	\checkmark			
Morning Shoulder	<25	35	\checkmark			

5.2 Calculated DPE Assessment Methodology

From the noise measurements at monitoring location Q1 and Q2 the LAeq(15min) sound power of the quarry was calculated to be 107dBA. The contribution at each of the receivers R1 to R3 has been calculated taking into account loss due to distance and topography. The quarry sound power level was propagated to the surrounding noise sensitive receivers, with the calculated received noise level presented in **Table 8**. Results of the calculations generally correlate with the measured noise contributions from the project and therefore validate compliance.

Table 8 Calculated DPE Compliance Assessment						
	Quarry Sound	Distance to	Distance	Attenuation due	Calculated Quarry	
Receiver	Power	Receiver	attenuation	to Topography	Contribution	
	dB	m	dB	dB	dB LAeq(15min)	
R1	107	2050	74	12	21	
R2	107	2210	75	12	20	
R3	107	2030	74	12	21	





6 Discussion and Conclusion

Muller Acoustic Consulting Pty Ltd (MAC) has completed a Noise Monitoring Assessment for RW Corkery & Co Pty Limited on behalf of Hy-Tec Industries Pty Ltd for the Tinda Creek Quarry, Tinda Creek, NSW. The assessment was completed to assess the quarry's compliance with the relevant criteria outlined in EPL#12007 for the nominated residential receiver surrounding the quarry.

Operator attended noise monitoring was undertaken on Wednesday 13 April 2022 at the nominated monitoring locations with quarry noise contributions compared against the relevant criteria.

The assessment has identified that noise emissions generated by Tinda Creek Quarry comply with relevant noise criteria specified in EPL#12007 at the assessed receiver location for both the morning shoulder and daytime monitoring periods.

Furthermore, the calculated noise contribution at two nearfield reference locations demonstrate that project noise contributions satisfy relevant criteria at R1, R2 and R3.





Appendix A – Glossary of Terms



A number of technical terms have been used in this report and are explained in Table A1.

Term	Description
1/3 Octave	Single octave bands divided into three parts
Octave	A division of the frequency range into bands, the upper frequency limit of each band being
	twice the lower frequency limit.
ABL	Assessment Background Level (ABL) is defined in the NPI as a single figure background
	level for each assessment period (day, evening and night). It is the tenth percentile of the
	measured L90 statistical noise levels.
Ambient Noise	The total noise associated with a given environment. Typically, a composite of sounds from a
	sources located both near and far where no particular sound is dominant.
A Weighting	A standard weighting of the audible frequencies designed to reflect the response of the
	human ear to sound.
Background Noise	The underlying level of noise present in the ambient noise, excluding the noise source under
	investigation, when extraneous noise is removed. This is usually represented by the LA90
	descriptor
dBA	Noise is measured in units called decibels (dB). There are several scales for describing
	noise, the most common being the 'A-weighted' scale. This attempts to closely approximate
	the frequency response of the human ear.
dB(Z), dB(L)	Decibels Z-weighted or decibels Linear (unweighted).
Extraneous Noise	Sound resulting from activities that are not typical of the area.
Hertz (Hz)	The measure of frequency of sound wave oscillations per second - 1 oscillation per second
	equals 1 hertz.
LA10	A sound level which is exceeded 10% of the time.
LA90	Commonly referred to as the background noise, this is the level exceeded 90% of the time.
LAeq	Represents the average noise energy or equivalent sound pressure level over a given period.
LAmax	The maximum sound pressure level received at the microphone during a measuring interval.
Masking	The phenomenon of one sound interfering with the perception of another sound.
	For example, the interference of traffic noise with use of a public telephone on a busy street.
RBL	The Rating Background Level (RBL) as defined in the NPI, is an overall single figure
	representing the background level for each assessment period over the whole monitoring
	period. The RBL, as defined is the median of ABL values over the whole monitoring period.
Sound power level	This is a measure of the total power radiated by a source in the form of sound and is given by
(Lw or SWL)	10.log10 (W/Wo). Where W is the sound power in watts to the reference level of 10^{-12} watts.
Sound pressure level	the level of sound pressure; as measured at a distance by a standard sound level meter.
(Lp or SPL)	This differs from Lw in that it is the sound level at a receiver position as opposed to the sound
	'intensity' of the source.

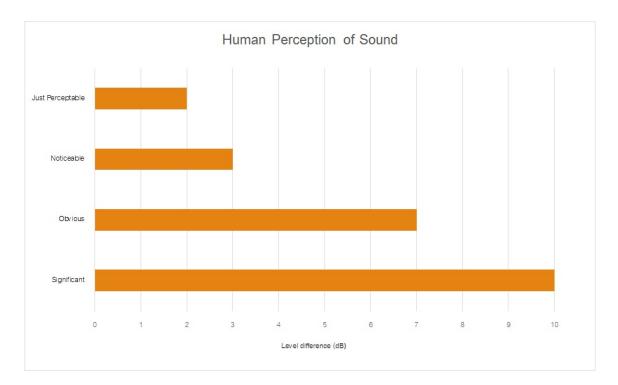


 Table A2 provides a list of common noise sources and their typical sound level.

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Source	Typical Sound Pressure Level
Threshold of pain	140
Jet engine	130
Hydraulic hammer	120
Chainsaw	110
Industrial workshop	100
Lawn-mower (operator position)	90
Heavy traffic (footpath)	80
Elevated speech	70
Typical conversation	60
Ambient suburban environment	40
Ambient rural environment	30
Bedroom (night with windows closed)	20
Threshold of hearing	0

Table A2 Common Noise Sources and Their Typical Sound Pressure Levels (SPL), dBA

Figure A1 – Human Perception of Sound





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